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APPLICATION NO.	FII	JING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/808,538	0.	3/25/2004	Shui-on Leung	40923-0060US2	4870
26633	7590	04/04/2006		EXAMINER	
HELLER E		WHITE & MCA	TUNGATURTHI	TUNGATURTHI, PARITHOSH K	
WASHINGTON, DC 20036-3001				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1643		

DATE MAILED: 04/04/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/808,538	LEUNG ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Parithosh K. Tungaturthi	1643				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on		·				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>3,4,9-16 and 18-21</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)□	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)□	Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)⊠	Claim(s) 3, 4, 9-16 and 18-21 are subject to res	striction and/or election requirem	ent.				
Applicati	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) □ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of: 1. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachmen	t(s)	_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Cother:							

DETAILED ACTION

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Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - Claims 3, 4, 9-14, 20 and 21, drawn to a polynucleotide, classified in class
 536, subclass 23.1, for example.
 - II. Claim 15 in part, drawn to a method of stimulating an immune response comprising the humanized anti-idiotype antibody, classified in class 514, subclass 44, for example.
 - III. Claim 15 in part, drawn to a method of stimulating an immune response comprising the humanized antibody, classified in class 514, subclass 44, for example.
 - IV. Claims 16 and 18, drawn to a method of diagnosis or treatment of a patient, classified in class 514, subclass 2, for example.
 - V. Claim 19, drawn to a vaccine comprising humanized anti-idiotype, classified in class 530, subclass 387.2, for example.
- 2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

 Inventions of Groups I and V represent separate and distinct products which are
 made by materially different methods, and are used in materially different methods
 which have different modes of operation, different functions and different effects. The
 polynucleic acid of Group I and the ant-idiotype antibody are structurally and chemically

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different from each other. The polynucleotide is made by nucleic acid synthesis, while the anti-idiotype antibody is directed against the antigen binding site of an antibody. Furthermore, the polynucleotide can be used for hybridization screening and the anti-idiotype antibody can be used to mimic the structure of the original antigen, for example. The examination of all groups would require different searches in the U.S. Patent shoes and the scientific literature and would require the consideration of different patentability issues. Thus the inventions I and V are patentably distinct.

The inventions of Groups II, III and IV are materially distinct methods which differ at least in objectives, method steps, reagents and/or dosages and/or schedules used, response variables, and criteria for success. In the instant case, Group II recites a method of stimulating an immune response comprising the humanized anti-idiotype antibody and Group III recites a method of stimulating an immune response comprising the humanized antibody and Group IV recites a method of diagnosis or treatment of a patient. The method of stimulating an immune response comprising the humanized antiidiotype antibody differs from a method of stimulating an immune response comprising the humanized antibody which further differs from a method of diagnosis or treatment of a patient. Thus, each group differs in method objectives, method steps and parameters and in the reagents used. Further, each group is unrelated as they comprise distinct steps and utilize different products which demonstrates that each method has different mode of operation. Each invention further performs this function using structurally and functionally divergent material. Moreover, the methodology and materials necessary for detection differ significantly for each of the materials. The examination of all groups

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would require different searches in the U.S. PATENT shoes and the scientific literature and would require the consideration of different patentability issues. Thus Inventions II, III and IV are separate and distinct in having different method steps and different endpoints and are patentably distinct.

The inventions of Group V and the method of Groups II and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (i) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (ii) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product [see MPEP § 806.05(h)]. In the instant case the anti-idiotype antibody product as claimed can be used in a materially different process such as directing against the antigen binding site of an antibody in addition to the materially different methods of Groups II and III.

- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Furthermore, because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for one group is not required for another group, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

 Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is

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subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply Application/Control Number: 10/808,538

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where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent

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issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

5. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected

invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one

or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim

remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by

a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Parithosh K. Tungaturthi whose telephone number is

571-272-8789. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from

8:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Larry R. Helms, Ph.D. can be reached on (571) 272-0832. The fax phone

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-

273-8300.

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7. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Respectfully,

Parithosh K. Tungaturthi, Ph.D.

Ph: (571) 272-8789

LARRY R. HELMS, PH.D. SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER Page 7